#### CAP XIX.

An Act for the better Prevention of Offences.

[3d July 1851.]

14 & 15 VICT.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Provision for the Prevention of Burglary and other Offences in the ' Night:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Any Person sion Implebreaking, guilty meanor.

I. If any Person shall be found by Night armed with any found by Night dangerous or offensive Weapon or Instrument whatsoever with Intent to break Intent to break or enter into any Dwelling House or other into any House, Building whatsoever and to commit any Felony therein, or if any Person shall be found by Night having in his Possession without lawful Excuse (the Proof of which Excuse shall lie on ments of House- such Person) any Picklock Key, Crow, Jack, Bit, or other Implement of Housebreaking, or if any Person shall be found by Night having his Face blackened or otherwise disguised, with Intent to commit any Felony, or if any Person shall be found by Night in any Dwelling House or other Building whatsoever with Intent to commit any Felony therein, every such Offender shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being convicted thereof shall be liable at the Discretion of the Court to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Any Person convicted of such Misdemeanor after a previous Conviction of Felony or such Misdemeanor, guilty of Misdemeanor, &c. Form of Indictment

Certificate of previous Conviction.

II. If any Person shall be convicted of any such Misdemeanor as aforesaid committed after a previous Conviction, either for Felony or such Misdemeanor as aforesaid, such Person shall on such subsequent Conviction be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not less than Seven Years and not exceeding Ten Years, or imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years; and in any Indictment for such Misdemeanor committed after a previous Conviction as aforesaid it shall be sufficient to state that the Offender was at a certain Time and Place convicted of Felony or Misdemeanor against "The Act for the better Prevention of Offences, 1851," (as the Case may be,) without otherwise describing the previous Felony or Misdemeanor; and a Certificate containing the Substance and Effect only (omitting the formal Part) of the Indictment and Conviction for the previous Felony or Misdemeanor, purporting to be signed by the Clerk of the Court or other Officer having the Custody of the Records of the Court where the Offender was first convicted, or by the Deputy of such Clerk or Officer, (for which Certificate a Fee of Five Shillings and no more shall be demanded or taken,) shall, upon Proof of the Identity of the Person of the Offender, be sufficient Evidence of the First Conviction, without Proof of the Signature

or official Character of the Person appearing to have signed the

III. And whereas it is expedient to make further Provision Persons using for the Punishment of Persons using Chloroform or other Chloroform, &c. stupifying Things in order the better to enable them to com- in order to commit Felonies:' Be it enacted, That if any Person shall un- guilty of Felawfully apply or administer, or attempt to apply or administer, lony. to any other Person any Chloroform, Laudanum, or other stupifying or overpowering Drug, Matter, or Thing, with Intent thereby to enable such Offender or any other Person to commit, or with Intent to assist such Offender or other Person in committing, any Felony, every such Offender shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported for Life or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

IV. And whereas it is expedient to make further Provision Persons inflict-' for the Punishment of aggravated Assaults:' Be it enacted, ing grievous That if any Person shall unlawfully and maliciously inflict upon guilty of a Misany other Person, either with or without any Weapon or In-demeasor, and strument, any grievous bodily Harm, or unlawfully and mali- liable to Three ciously cut, stab, or wound any other Person, every such somment. Offender shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years: Provided however, that nothing herein Not to repeal contained shall be deemed or taken to repeal the Provisions of Sect. 29. of the Twenty-ninth Section of the Act passed in the Tenth Year 10 G. 4. c. 34. of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth,

Chapter Thirty-four. YV. If upon the Trial of any Indictment for any Felony, On the Trial of except Murder or Manslaughter, where the Indictment shall any Indictment for feloniously allege that the Defendant did cut, stab, or wound any Person, cutting, &c. the the Jury shall be satisfied that the Defendant is guilty of the Jury may acquit cutting, stabbing, or wounding charged in such Indictment, but of the Felony, are not satisfied that the Defendant is guilty of the Felony unlawfully charged in such Indictment, then and in every such Case the cutting, &c. Jury may acquit the Defendant of such Felony, and find him guilty of unlawfully cutting, stabbing, or wounding, and thereupon such Defendant shall be liable to be punished in the same Manner as if he had been convicted upon an Indictment for the

VI. If any Person shall wilfully and maliciously put, place, Persons wilfully east, or throw upon or across any Railway any Wood, Stone, or placing Wood, other Matter or Thing, or shall wilfully and maliciously take ways, taking up up, remove, or displace any Rail, Sleeper, or other Matter or Rails, &c., Thing belonging to any Railway, or shall wilfully and mali-turning Ma-Thing belonging to any hanway, or shart winting and man-chinery, or ciously turn, move, or divert any Points or other Machinery showing Signals, belonging to any Railway, or shall wilfully and maliciously &c., with Intent make or show, hide or remove, any Signal or Light upon or to commit In-

Misdemeanor of cutting, stabbing, or wounding.

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near juries to Rail-

of Felony.

14 & 15 VICT. way or endanger near to any Railway, or shall wilfully and maliciously do or cause to be done any other Matter or Thing, with Intent, in any of the Cases aforesaid, to obstruct, upset, overthrow, injure, or destroy any Engine, Tender, Carriage, or Truck using such Railway, or to endanger the Safety of any Person travelling or being upon such Railway, every such Offender shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of his natural Life or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Persons casting Wood, &c. upon any Railway Carriage with Intent to endanger the Safety of any Person therein. to be guilty of Felony, &c.

VII. If any Person shall wilfully and maliciously cast, throw, or cause to fall or strike against, into, or upon any Engine, Tender, Carriage, or Truck used upon any Railway, any Wood, Stone, or other Matter or Thing, with Intent to endanger the Safety of any Person being in or upon such Engine, Tender, Carriage, or Truck, every such Offender shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of his natural Life or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Any Person wilfully setting fire to any Railway Station, &c. guilty of Felony.

VIII. If any Person shall wilfully and maliciously set fire to any Station, Engine House, Warehouse, or other Building belonging or appertaining to any Railway, Dock, Canal, or other Navigation, every such Person shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of his natural Life, or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years; and if any Person shall wilfully and maliciously set fire to any Goods or Chattels being in any Building, the setting fire to which is made Felony by this or any other Act of Parliament, every such Offender shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not exceeding Ten Years nor less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Upon the Trial of Persons for subsequent Offences under the 12 & 13 Vict. c. II. and this Act the previous Conviction not to be stated to the Jury or given in Evidence until after a Verdict of

Guilty of the

fence, unless

subsequent Of-

IX. 'And whereas Provision is made in a certain Act of Par-Iiament passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled An Act to amend the ' Laws in England and Ireland relative to Larceny and other Offences connected therewith, and also in this Act, for the · more exemplary Punishment of Persons who shall commit certain Offences after One or more previous Conviction or Convictions for the like or other Offences, and it is expedient to define the Time of charging the Jury to inquire as to such ' previous Conviction or Convictions:' Be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful on the Trial of any Person for any subsequent Offence, where a Plea of Not Guilty shall have been

entered on his Behalf, to charge the Jury to inquire concerning the Defendant any previous Conviction until they shall have inquired concern- gives Evidence ing such subsequent Offence, and shall have found such Person racter. guilty of the same; and whenever in any Indictment any previous Conviction shall be stated the reading of such Statement shall be deferred until after such Finding as aforesaid: Provided, that if upon the Trial of any Person for any such subsequent Offence as aforesaid such Person shall give Evidence of his good Character, it shall be lawful for the Prosecutor, in answer thereto, to give Evidence of the Conviction of such Person for the previous Offence or Offences, before such Verdict of Guilty shall have been returned, and the Jury shall inquire concerning such previous Conviction or Convictions at the same Time that they inquire concerning such subsequent Offence.

X. It shall be lawful for any Person whatsoever to apprehend Any Person any Person who shall be found committing any Offence against may apprehend Persons comthe Provisions of this Act, and to convey him or deliver him mitting Offences to some Constable or other Peace Officer, in order to his being against this Act, conveyed, as soon as conveniently may be, before a Justice of

the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law.

XI. And whereas Doubts have been entertained as to the Any Person 6 Authority to apprehend Persons found committing indictable may apprehend · Offences in the Night: For Remedy thereof be it enacted, That Persons committing indictit shall be lawful for any Person whatsoever to apprehend any able Offences in Person who shall be found committing any indictable Offence the Night, and in the Night, and to convey him or deliver him to some Constable or other Peace Officer, in order to his being conveyed, as soon as conveniently may be, before a Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law.

XII. If any Person liable to be apprehended under the Any Person as-Provisions of this Act shall assault or offer any Violence to saulting a Person entitled to any Person by Law authorized to apprehend or detain him, or apprehend him to any Person acting in his Aid and Assistance, every such to be guilty of a Offender shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being convicted Misdemeanor. thereof shall be liable to be imprisoned, with or without Hard

Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

XIII. The Time at which the Night shall commence and The Night, in conclude in any Offence against the Provisions of this Act shall Offences against the Provisions of the be the same as in Cases of Burglary.

XIV. In all Prosecutions for any Offence against the Pro- Costs of Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which secutions. any such Offence shall be prosecuted or tried to allow the Expenses of the Prosecution in all respects as in Cases of Felony.

XV. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to repeal Nothing in this wholly or in part the Fifth of George the Fourth, Chapter 5 G. 4. c. 83. Eighty-three, intituled An Act for the Punishment of idle and disorderly Persons and Rogues and Vagabonds in that Part of Great Britain called England, but no Person shall be liable to be punished for the same Offence both under the said lastmentioned Act and under this Act.

XVI. Nothing in this Act shall extend to Scotland.

and convey

as in Burglary.

Not to extend CAP. to Scotland.

### COLLECTION

OF THE

# PUBLIC GENERAL STATUTES

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